Utilities 2020

Changing Utility Business Models and Transforming Utility Regulation

America's Power Plan Webinar Tuesday, September 3, 2013 Ronald L. Lehr

Thesis: Pressures on utilities to change

- Aging plant
 - Brattle Group: \$2 trillion investment over next 20 years
- Tougher environmental requirements
 - Criteria pollutants
 - Greenhouse gases
 - Coal ash
 - Water restrictions
- Flat to declining sales of electricity

Thesis: Pressures on utilities to change

- New technologies
 - Smarter grid
 - Distributed generation: solar, CHP, micro turbines
 - Electric vehicles
 - Low cost wind—Xcel example
- Changing consumer requirements
 - Disintermediation by third parties
- Weakened industry financial metrics
- Pressures leading to "restructuring 2.0?"

What we've heard from utility CEOs:

- CEOs want a clearer, more consistent direction from state energy policies
- Utilities have inadequate incentives for innovation, firm level efficiency
- Commissions need a better understanding of the utility business and its needs
- Utilities want certainty on climate policy
- Utilities want healthier working relationships with commissioners and staff

What we've heard from commissioners:

- A primary concern is with increasing utility rates
- Regulators are open to modifying the regulatory model; looking for ideas
- Some commissioners are dissatisfied with the adversarial process
- Many commissioners face severe barriers to communications with stakeholders, and even fellow commissioners
- Commissions have inadequate resources

Three Possible Utility Roles

- Minimum: markets provide power and services, utilities manage wires
- Moderate: "orchestrator" "smart integrator"
 - Risk aware planning; regulated "make or buy" decisions; consumer service packages
- Maximum: Nebraska, Moorland Commission
 - Disaster recovery
 - Climate adaptation

Three Potential Regulatory Models

- The UK "RIIO" model
 - Price cap built on RPI-X, with decoupling
 - Output regulation
 - Reliability, Environmental, Innovation, Price, Efficiency, Social Responsibility
- The "lowa Model"
 - Seventeen years of constant rates, settlements, diminished focus on earnings levels
- The "Grand Bargain"
 - Comprehensive multi-year output-oriented deal
 - Regulator led